#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

General Certificate of Education Ordinary Level

## MARK SCHEME for the November 2004 question paper

### 3248 SECOND LANGUAGE URDU

3248/01

Composition and Translation, maximum raw mark 55

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the November 2004 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.



### November 2004

# **GCE ORDINARY LEVEL**

# MARK SCHEME

**MAXIMUM MARK: 55** 

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 3248/01

SECOND LANGUAGE URDU Composition and Translation



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## Part 1: Directed Writing (15 marks)

The syllabus specifies that the candidates are to write an essay in Urdu of about 150 words.

### Points to be written about:

- Books have been the best source of knowledge since olden times.
- Educational, practical and recreational benefits of reading books.
- The need to take an interest in good books.

Language (out of 10)		Content (out of 5)		
9–10	Very good Confident use of complex sentence patterns, generally accurate, extensive vocabulary, good sense of idiom.	5	Very good Detailed, clearly relevant and well illustrated; coherently argued and structured.	
7–8	Good Generally sound grasp of grammar in spite of quite a few lapses; reads reasonably; some attempt at varied vocabulary and sentence patterns.	4	Good Sound knowledge and generally relevant; some ability to develop argument and draw conclusions.	
5–6	Adequate A tendency to be simple, clumsy or laboured; some degree of accuracy; inappropriate use of idiom.	3	Adequate Some knowledge, but not always relevant; a more limited capacity to argue.	
3–4	Poor Consistently simple or pedestrian sentence patterns (basic sentence structure) with persistent errors; limited vocabulary.	2	Poor Some attempt at argument, tends to be sketchy or unspecific; little attempt to structure an argument; major misunderstanding of question.	
0–2	Very poor Only the simplest sentence patterns, little evidence of grammatical awareness, very limited vocabulary.	0–1	Very poor Vague and general, ideas presented at random.	

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# Part 2: Letter, Report, Dialogue or Speech (20 marks)

The syllabus specifies that the candidates are to write in Urdu of about 200 words.

Language (out of 15)		Content (out of 5)		
13–1	SVery good Confident use of complex sentence patterns, generally accurate, extensive vocabulary, good sense of idiom.	5	Very good Detailed, clearly relevant and well illustrated; coherently argued and structured.	
10–12	Good Generally sound grasp of grammar in spite of quite a few lapses; reads reasonably; some attempt at varied vocabulary and sentence patterns.	4	Good Sound knowledge and generally relevant; some ability to develop argument and draw conclusions.	
7–9	Adequate A tendency to be simple, clumsy or laboured; some degree of accuracy; inappropriate use of idiom.	3	Adequate Some knowledge, but not always relevant; a more limited capacity to argue.	
4–6	Poor Consistently simple or pedestrian sentence patterns (basic sentence structure) with persistent errors; limited vocabulary.	2	Poor Some attempt at argument, tends to be sketchy or unspecific; little attempt to structure an argument; major misunderstanding of question.	
0-3	Very poor Only the simplest sentence patterns, little evidence of grammatical awareness, very limited vocabulary.	0–1	Very poor Vague and general, ideas presented at random.	

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## Part 3: Translation into Urdu

English	Urdu	Marks
People used to count on their fingers.	عديالا والمطالب الم	1
This is why we use the numbers one to ten when we count.	. 13 2 2 5 1 4 2 F 2 O	1
The abacus, the first counting machine, was invented in china about 5,000 years ago.	Jane 3 2 3 2 5 5000 5 1 5 5 5 2 5 5 5 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2
If we count out a pile of beads, we group them in units, tens and hundreds.	Left Communitation Comment	2
On the abacus, beads are placed on wires.	-csE กรุปมหนึ่งในเสียก็น	1
Ten beads in the units line can be replaced by one bead in the tens line, while one bead in the hundreds line will take the place of ten beads in the tens line.	บับเสราจะเสบาร์และสบับคนอับบรักษณะเล่นไปท - และสบับรักษณะเสบีบบรักษณะเสบ	3
In this way the abacus helps us to count and store the results.	LETELOPLE LETTER MEDICAL	1
A computer works so quickly and efficiently that it have magical powers!	المنافية المنافية والمنافية والمنافي	2
In fact, it is just a machine that only does what it is told to do.	مال چرانان في عاد تروار آن جاد الآن عاد التي الد	1
Instructions must always be simple.	_3 y denouse ye	1
If we had to work out long and difficult calculations, we could spend a whole day and would probably grow tired and bored.	Time The Committee of t	2
We might also make mistakes.	ومكرات المستعلق المراجات	1
We could spend the rest of our lives doing work that computers can do in a few seconds.		2